

Integrating Winter-Hazard Stations with Unmanned Aircraft Systems to Aid in Avalanche Risk Assessments at Atigun Pass, Dalton Highway, Alaska



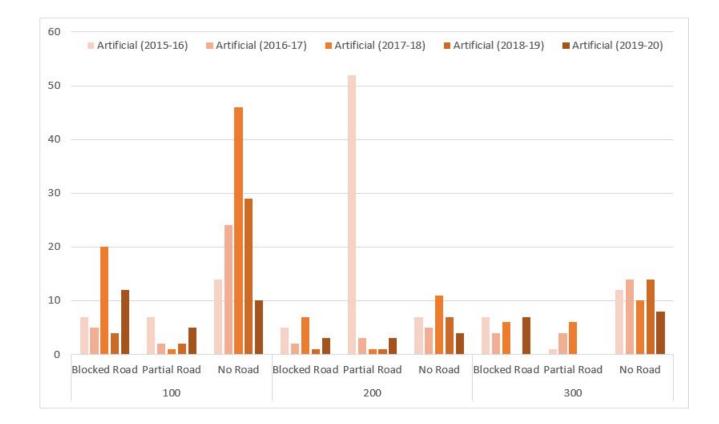


Background- Atigun Pass





Background-Avalanche events





Background- Turning a desert data to an oasis

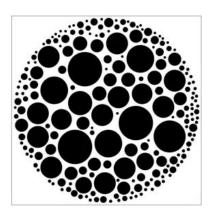


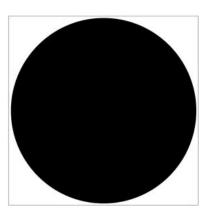


The whole is greater than the sum of parts



Spatial-temporal measurements (snow depth, blowing snow)







Local-Continuous environmental measurements (snow depth, blowing snow)

A good overlap in time and space => The best overall cover



Elucidating snow maps from UAS

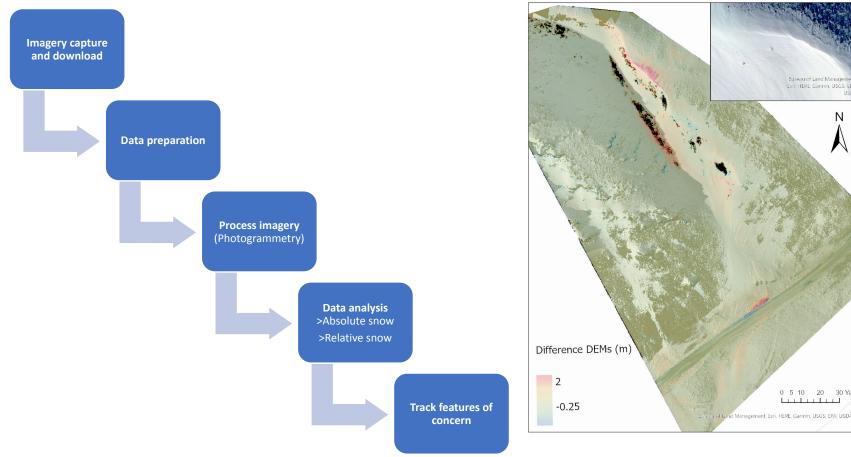
Bureau of Land Manage Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, EP

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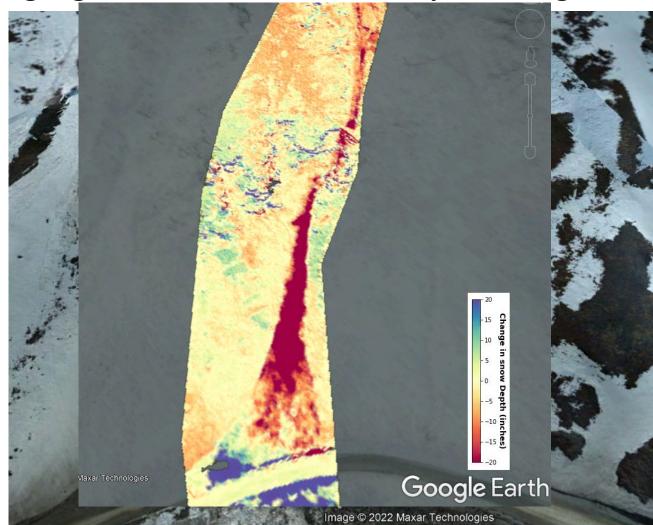
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- Camera most common sensor -> photogrammetry workflow is inherit ۰
- A hands-free: data -> information •



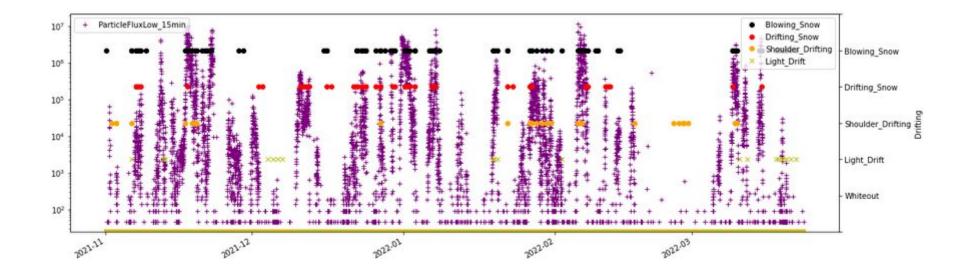


Data highlights -Automated UAS data processing



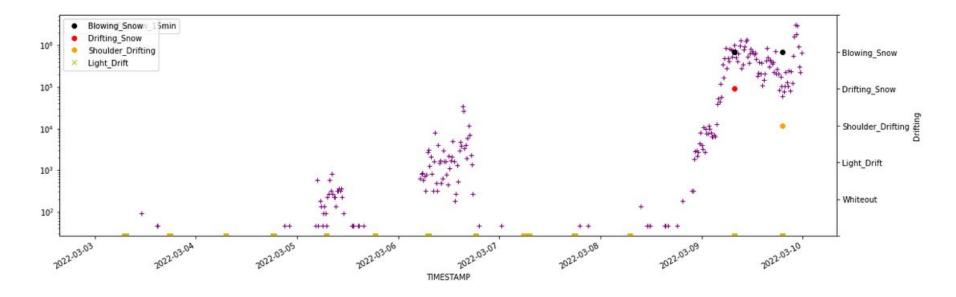


Intertwining: weather observations with M&O reporting



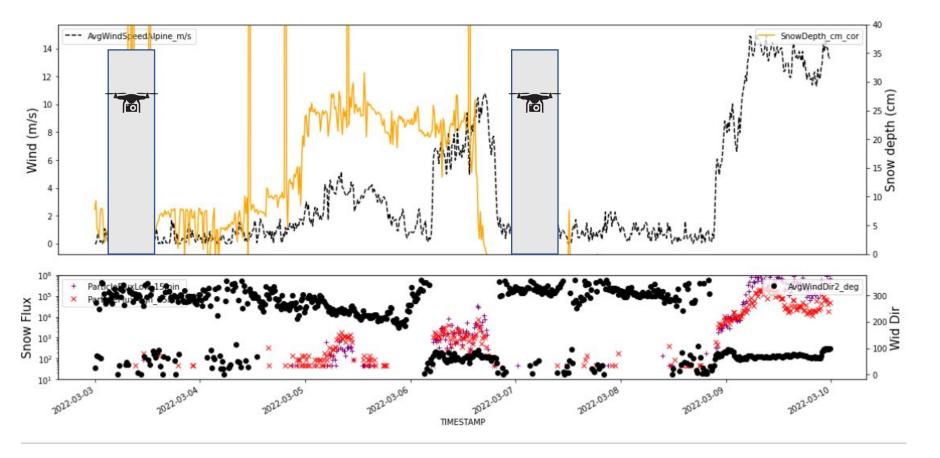


Intertwining: weather observations with M&O reporting





Intertwining –weather observations with M&O reporting





Result seen in Google Earth





Summary

Without the ability to capture data everywhere all the time-Trying to capture some data all the time and then interpolate

- Apply UAS/drone to map snow gullies ideally before and after a storm
- Continuously apply the winter hazard station observation with UAS surveys

Goal: predict changes to snow features/gullies during a storm

Questions?

